



**FABRIC** Asia

### **General ETP Operation - Part 2**

GIZ FABRIC – ETP Operator Course

### Content

- Organizing daily operational tasks
- Organizing handing over



#### Second ETP round

- (16) Check secondary clarifier operation
  - Check **inlet feed** and observe if bio-sludge clearly visible
    - If not, indication of over-aeration
  - Check uniformity of overflow at periphery of tank
    - V Notches even?
    - If not, arrange for adjustment
  - Clean launder of overflow with broom

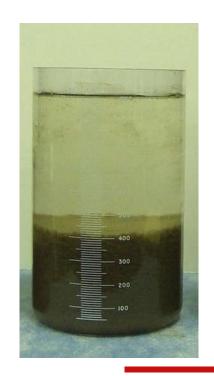


#### Second ETP round

(16) Check secondary clarifier operation

Color removal agent dosing

- Slurry prepared in correct dilution as recommended by the manufacturer?
  - Test different dosages of chemical in simple jar test once every two weeks
  - Select best dosage
  - Observe effluent color throughout day and adjust dosage
  - Ensure chemical dosing not resulting in too rapid settling

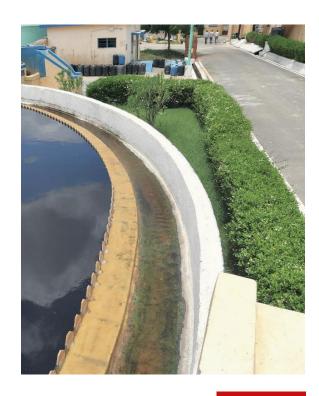


#### Second ETP round

(16) Check secondary clarifier operation

- Look out for potential problems
  - Sludge bulking?
  - Pinpoint floc?
  - Frothing and bubbles in clarifier?
  - Unusual heating, jerks or noise during operation of the motor and gear box

Refer to presentations on trouble shooting for possible solutions!



#### Second ETP round

(16) Check secondary clarifier operation

- Check skimmer operations
  - Mechanism moving smoothly over scum box?
  - Squeeges scooping out scum into box?
- Remove collected scum once in two days
  - Transfer sum to disposal area or sludge dewatering section



#### Second ETP round

- (16) Check secondary clarifier operation
  - Check sludge withdrawal from clarifier underflow
  - Check and adjust pumping rate
    - solids content in underflow to be twice of MLSS value in aeration tank
  - Check returned sludge settling once a week
    - MLSS in aeration tank in range of 3000-4000 mg/l?
    - If less than 1500 mg/l of MLSS, pump RAS at 80-90% of inflow quantity



#### Second ETP round

(16) Check secondary clarifier operation

**Decide on action** for returned sludge settling

With 30 minutes settling time...

- if more than 700 ml per litre => increase RAS
- If less than 500 ml per litre => reduce RAS



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#### Second ETP round

(16) Check secondary clarifier operation

- Check **DO** of clarifier overflow/underflow
  - once a week
  - Ideal DO value: > 0.2 mg/; DO in overflow > 0.5 mg/l
- Adjust if needed!



#### Second ETP round

### (17) Check secondary sludge wastage

- Maintain table for sludge wasting (WAS) recordings
- **Dispose sludge** daily or twice/three times a week
  - Irrespective of periodicity, sludge to be wasted around 10 15% of total sludge flow
- Organize daily sludge removal
  - Leave return sludge pump on for 2-3 h/d and divert to WAS line
  - Use rest of time (21-22 h/d) for returning sludge to aeration tank



#### Second ETP round

(17) Check secondary sludge wastage

#### For ETP with **muffle furnace**

- Check Volatile Suspended Solids (VSS) in returned sludge once a week
  - Value to be between 60-70%

#### For ETP with thickener

Withdraw sludge for wasting on daily basis



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#### Second ETP round

### (18) Check sludge thickener operation

- Observing supernatant overflow in sludge thickener (if available)
  - Purpose separating as much water as possible from sludge!
  - Efficiency based on solids load per square meter of thickener surface
  - Ideally collect sludge in collection tank and pump to thickener slowly for around 12-16 h/d

OPERATOR COURSE - GENERAL ETP OPERATION STEPS 2





#### Second ETP round

(18) Check **sludge thickener** operation

For batch operated thickener (i.e. hopper bottom type)

- Withdraw sludge till appears diluted
- Fill up tank with fresh sludge and leave overnight for slow settling



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#### Second ETP round

(18) Check sludge thickener operation

**Stage 1** - Overflow clear, sludge not coming to surface

- Thickener working normally
- Keep operating!

**Stage 2** - Sludge starting to rising to top, but overflow clear?

Keep operating, but watch overflow continuously!



Stage 1



Stage 2



#### **Second ETP round**

(18) Check sludge thickener operation

**Stage 3** - Sludge rising to top and starting to overflow, supernatant becoming cloudy

Observe closely and reduce flow rate if possible!

**Stage 4:** Sludge fully overflowing supernatant turbid and containing with sludge

Stop feed or reduce drastically!



Stage 3



Stage 4



#### Second ETP round

### (19) Check sludge drying beds

- Any unpleasant smell indicating inefficient filtration and putrefaction?
- Arrange for washing of filter media before next cycle
- Check condition of sludge getting dried



#### Second ETP round

### (19) Check sludge drying beds

- Sludge sufficiently dried and cracked into small pieces?
  - Remove sludge
- Top sand lost along with dried sludge, while cleaning dried sludge?
  - Top up bed with fresh sand



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#### Second ETP round

### (19) Check sludge drying beds

- Prepare empty bed for next round of filling
- Ensure continuous admission of sludge
- Check filling not exceeding recommended depth (0.35 - 0.4 m)



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#### Second ETP round

### (19) Check sludge drying beds

- Check for leaks in sludge pipelines and valves
- Note observation and arrange for rectification!
- Check tightness of shutters when admitting sludge through channel



#### Second ETP round

### (19) Check sludge drying beds

- Check filtrate line
  - Not blocked?
  - Filtrate flowing smoothly to receiving sump?
- Arrange for flushing and cleaning of blocked filtrate lines



#### Second ETP round

(20) Check sludge filter press operation

If already operating

- Check **running time** since last start
- Check **pump pressure** (indicating level of filtration)

Before starting check sludge collection tank

- Agitator working?
- Sludge to be pumped smooth slurry?

#### Second ETP round

### (20) Check sludge filter press operation



At beginning of cycle, filtrate flow even and high



At end of filtration, flow slowing down to trickle, indicating filtration cycle getting completed

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#### **Second ETP round**

(20) Check sludge filter press operation

Before starting (Contd.)

- Before closing plates look at alignment of cloths and plates
- Close press with hydraulic closing or by turning manual handle in case of small presses

### After starting

- Watch pump filling
- Check clarity of filtrate

#### Second ETP round

(20) Check sludge filter press operation

After pumping cycle

- Allow few minutes for further draining
- If available, switch on blower air or stream for complete drying
- Withdraw hydraulic closure



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#### Second ETP round

(20) Check sludge filter press operation

### After pumping cycle

- Open up plates one by one to release cake
- Even with automatic plate shifter, push down sludge cake using spatula.
  - While pushing down sludge cake do not damage the cloths!



#### Second ETP round

### (21) Check sludge maturation area

- Foul odor?
- Turn sludge occasionally to release inherent moisture

### Disposal phase

- Arrange for transport and disposal to ultimate disposal facility (TSDF or coprocessing)
  - When sludge stored for required time (e.g. 6 months)
- Maintain and retain **statutory records** for disposal including quantity disposed, transport facility details including vehicle number, ultimate point of delivery, etc.

#### Second ETP round

### (22) Control room & MCC

- All bolting aligned, leveled and tight?
- Check doors
  - Tightly closed (except for any repair)?
  - Gaskets in order?
  - Proper isolation?
  - Door alignment of individual starter units and door interlock operation in order?

ETP's corrosive atmosphere and electronic components in the panel easily affected by open doors and/or insufficient isolation!

#### Second ETP round

- Checks cleanliness
  - MCC bus bar supports for clean and tight?
  - Ground connections to ground bus in order?
  - Contactor-insulating parts clean and dry?
  - Remove any rust or apply rust preventative
- Inspect lubrication of contractor moving part
- Verify overload protective device rating and settings

#### Second ETP round

- Disconnect completely drawout contacts when drawout handle operated
- Check CPT and PT fuses for size, type and circuit location
- Check voltage rating of contactor coil
- Check fuses and wiring to power factor correction capacitors for size and rating
- Ensure tagging of all components according to drawings and specifications

#### Second ETP round

- Check proper earthing of MCC
- Check proper tagging and identification of MCC cables
- Verify overload relays selected and set as per actual connected load
- Check proper working of emergency stop switches

#### Second ETP round

- Check manually breakers of all cubicles in MCC and ensure their functioning
- Check electrical and mechanical interlock between star and delta starters
- Check all meters:
  - Verify functioning of all indicators
  - Verify readings proper
  - Check whether glass sufficiently transparent



#### Second ETP round

(22) Control room & MCC

#### Once in two weeks

- Test insulation resistance of MCC bus/instrument transformers with a 1-minute test (phase to phase and phase to ground).
- Test insulation resistance of contactor (closed position) with a 1-minute test (phase to phase and phase to ground).
- Test contactor contact resistance with micro-ohmmeter, if available.
  Calibrate and test each protective relay with settings on devices vis-à-vis approved relay

### **Second ETP round – Follow-up action**

- Review observations in pocket handbook
- Transfer all values recorded into log sheets
  - Entries to be legible and clear
  - Enter values into computer
- Keep eye on mimic panel or SCADA panel if available
- Prepare notes for operator of next shift (e.g. in special register)



# Organizing handing over

### Final ETP round and handing over

- Final check **before completion of shift**
- Check of all units in **proper operation** (e.g. no jerks, vibrations noise or burning smell)
- Ensure sufficient chemicals available to continue dosing for at least one hour during next shift (until checks during first round by next operator)
- Verify **completion of all activities** planned for shift
  - For example, evacuation of sludge from clarifier, adding defoamers, adding nutrients to aeration tank done?

## Organizing handing over

### Final ETP round and handing over

- **Initiate immediate action** if needed
  - Do not wait for operator in the next shift to do that!
  - For example: Equalization tank level nearing minimum operating level, switch off equalized effluent transfer pump
- Never leave plant until next operator come in and taken charge
  - If not turning up, need to continue shift

# Organizing handing over

### Final ETP round and handing over

- Take time to brief next operator about
  - ongoing operations
  - task to be done in next shift
  - any shutdowns or break downs occurred during shift
- Hand over logsheets and records
- Before leaving, brief ETP manager about any unusual occurrence or abnormal behavior of ETP units

### To remember

- Doing multiple rounds through ETP and completing actions during the shift important responsibility of ETP operator
  - Use recommendations in this presentations to draw daily workplan checklist for yourself
- Location specific operators (e.g. filter press operators) to remain next to their treatment unit throughout shift.
- For general ETP operators, visit to all sections important
  - Unusual appearances, noise or smell important indicators about ETP health
  - Do simple checks and spot tests to confirm the normal operation





